Practice-based Design Research

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In her introduction to a robust and much-needed collection of essays titled Practice-based Design Research, Laurene Vaughan, a Professor of Design and Communication in the School of Media and Communication at Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology (RMIT) in Melbourne, Australia, contextualizes the book by highlighting the increasing significance of design within contemporary culture. She points to the widespread adoption of concepts related to design, from playful deployments to an interest specifically located in and around design thinking in areas as disparate as business and academia. These uses of design are tied to design’s often inflated promise to foment new ways of thinking and problem solving uniquely suited to our contemporary moment. Vaughan writes, “So great is the expectation of what design can contribute that other professional and disciplinary domains are adopting or appropriating the language, look and feel of design, particularly when design is framed as problem-solving.” ¹ While this widespread validation serves to illuminate and perhaps even elevate the discipline of design generally, it does not recognize the more nuanced and sophisticated notions of design that, for Vaughan, suggest its true relevance. She explains that while design can operate as a tool for problem solving, it can just as well serve the function of problem making. “Design,” she asserts, “can open our known parameters, expose the intricacies of relationships, ask questions, posit answers and then explode them open again.” ² This specifically explosive capacity can propel students beyond the more pragmatic orientation of the M.F.A. or M.Des. to make design appropriate for doctoral study. Funders agree: doctoral programs supported by a growing number of diverse funding initiatives are prolific in the UK, Scandinavia, Europe and Australia. With a proliferation of programs, however, comes the need for critical scrutiny, not only of the sources and impact of this funding, but of institutional infrastructures, practices, definitions and more. What ideological forces inspire or challenge these shifts? The essays collected in Practice-based Design Research respond to these questions, but the book also has a more specific mandate, spelled out by Vaughan in the opening chapter. She writes very clearly that the book “establishes grounds for the validity and importance of practice-based design research.” ³ This desire for “validity” and “importance” may ring familiar to design scholars, and indeed, Cameron Tonkinwise opens his chapter,
“Post-Normal Design Research: The Role of Practice-Based Research in the Era of Neoliberal Risk,” by acknowledging that practice-based design research has exhibited a “defensive insularity as it tried to shore up its epistemological claims throughout the 2000s.” He goes on to historicize the evolution of design across the last century as it achieves increasing complexity and its practitioners glean both an awareness of its potentials and its deficiencies; the emergence of this reflective practice is not insig-nificant. Tonkinwise writes, “This means that the practice of expert designing involves precisely the sorts of meta-cognitive, processual knowledges that characterize a discipline.” He goes on to outline a series of other factors, including an increasingly complex technologi-cal and multicultural society, that, in turn, require “new forms of social research, new accounts of creative cognition and new modes of commu-nication, persuasion and alliance building.” With this contribution, Tonkinwise deftly situates design within a broader historical, theoret-ical and disciplinary context, which in turn may set the stage for the defensiveness characteristic of so many discussions of design research to be relinquished once and for all. We can only hope, and keep pushing thoughtfully and diligently to try to achieve this important goal.

Tonkinwise’s chapter is one of four that open the book and together explore a variety of models for doctoral education in design. A second section comprised of five chapters is titled “Socio-Cultural Impacts of the Design PhD in Practice,” and charts a specific array of permutations of design education, including an overview of knowledge exchange as it occurs in the Creative Exchange Hub jointly established by Lancaster University, Newcastle University and the Royal College of Art. The book’s third section looks specifically at program structures, and the fourth offers a platform for reflections by graduates, who explore the process and results of earning a Ph.D. in design. Lisa Grocott’s thoughtful rumi-nation stands out in this section due to its poignant consideration of the painful process of disassembling her entire practice, a process that she describes as “a holistic agita-tion of troubling all that I knew” that ultimately leads her to artic-ulate her work with great nuance. She writes, “Each incremental move a designer makes is ultimately about using generative, creative, mate-rial, performative, critical action to better assess potential.” For Grocott, design research comes ultimately to be about “crafting futures.” With its combined speci-ficity and breadth, the book is a very productive resource for anyone involved in doctoral education in design, as well as in the arts and other areas in which the notion of practice has become central.

With regard to its fundamental use-fulness, the book addresses an array of pedagogical topics with clarity and detail. In “Chapter 5: Designing the Ph.D. Curriculum in the Design Disci-plines,” for example, Henry Mainsah, Andrew Morrison, Jonny Aspen and Cheryl E. Ball describe the evolution of the Oslo School of Architecture and Design’s Ph.D. curriculum as it has shifted through three phases, moving from a program that they characterize as “architecturally centered with...
emphasis on the making professions with a lecture and seminar-based pedagogy. The program’s second stage used a task-based pedagogy and was oriented around socio-cultural questions; the third stage adopted “a thematized, interdisciplinary approach with focus on contexts of inquiry and research methods with staged activities.” This thoughtful examination of growth and change displays enviable self-awareness and introspection.

In addition to curriculum, the book devotes attention to a frequently elided aspect of the doctoral process, namely the supervision of Ph.D. candidates. While Ph.D. programs in other disciplines may boast a fairly stable canon and a time-tested methodology, design research, with its widespread application, eschews such stability and orthodoxy; doctoral students may explore a wide array of topics, from urban planning to climate change, and they are often invited to engage in numerous methodologies, making supervision complex. Pelle Ehn and Peter Ullmark sum things up nicely in their chapter, “Educating the Reflective Design Researcher,” when they write that “supervising Ph.D. students in design is not something that can be achieved with ease.” Their chapter details techniques for rectifying this problem.

The book also tackles the theory/practice divide in Thomas Markussen’s essay, “Building Theory Through Design,” which asks, “Can design work lead to theory?” Markussen uses doctoral work in the Kolding School of Design in Denmark as a platform to trace a series of perspectives on the integration of theory and design. His chapter is rich with useful taxonomies, as when he identifies three forms of theory construction—extending, scaffolding and blending theories. However, the chapter is also explicitly critical. After calling into question the instrumental thrust of so many definitions of theory in the context of design, Markussen turns to the work of Anthony Dunne and Fiona Raby, who note that “functional” and “optimal” are not strong or reliable criteria for evaluation. The pair suggests that alternative criteria can serve to highlight the ways in which a discipline will harbor “unspoken norms, politics, ideologies and cultures.”

Finally, the book is a treasure trove of sources; readers will find reference to the familiar icons of design education—the pragmatism of John Dewey, the reflective practitioner elaborated by Donald Schön and the practitioner-researcher developed by Peter Jarvis, to name a few examples. However, there are other voices as well: Jean Lave, Etienne Wenger and Howard Gardner signal attention to learning theory, and reference to Theodore R. Schatzki points to “the practice turn” across disparate disciplines more generally. Overall, the book provides insight into fundamental aspects of design education at the doctoral level, covering curriculum design, pedagogical models, disciplinary context and evolving modes of scholarly communication and practice, all from the perspectives of active educators. The addition of statements from doctoral students offers much-needed specificity.

What the book does not do is step back and assess the evolution of the idea of practice-based research more generally. Proponents of arts-based research, for example, engage many of the same topics, fight many of the same battles and weather similar forms of academic disenfranchise-ment. Nor does the book attend to the changing status of the university within a neoliberal culture in which design, understood in its most basic and practical sense, plays a key role. Vaughan highlights shifts in methods and applications in design, which in turn call for “a new kind of designer,” but there is little connection to the burgeoning critique of a market-driven academia. One could rightfully argue that this link is not part of the book’s already full agenda. However, so much of what is presented here—an awareness of alternative ways of knowing through embodied making, alongside attention to the political economy and the “deeper systems” of design presented by Bonne Zabolotney in her chapter—make that connection feel almost nascent. But these are the complaints of a greedy reader! As it is, Practice-based Design Research makes a terrific contribution to the longstanding debates about doctoral education in design, demonstrating achievements sustained over the last two decades while pointing toward new directions as design both engages with the highest echelons of academia and generates provocative and forward-thinking research methods.

\[10\] Ibid; p. 1178.
\[11\] Ibid; p. 1181.
\[12\] Ibid; p. 2052.
\[13\] Ibid; p. 2140.
\[14\] Ibid; p. 269.